

POPOV, B.A., inch.; KHOKHLOV, Ye.I., inch.

KST-1 pull-type combine for harvesting sugarcane. Trakt. i
sel'khozmash. no.8:37-38 Ag '65.

1. GKES zavoda im. Ukhtomskogo.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6"

SMIRNOV, N., inshener; KHOKHLOV, YU.

Technical maintenance and repair of "Viscount" sirplanes. Grazhd.av.
13 no.10:36-37 0 '56. (MIRA 10:1)

(Airplanes--Maintenance and repair)

KHOKALOV, Yu. (g. Ural'sk)

"Biological gloves." Prom.koop. no.4:31 Ap. 157. (MIRA 10:7)

1. Machal'nik tekhnicheskogo otdela koshzavoda im. Zemlyachki. (Skin--Care and hygiene)

KYARDI, Ya., brigacir (g.Tallin); KAPRANOV, G. (g.Nal'chik); KNYAZEV,
Yu. (g.Nal'chik); SHAFKUN, N., inzh. (g.Krasnodar); KHOKHLOV,
Yu. (g.Ural'sk); VALENTINOV, N., inzh.; NOVINSKIY, G., vrach

Innovations. Izobr. i rsts. nc.9:12-13 S '61. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Nachal'nik tekhnicheskogo otdela zavoda imeni Zemlyachki,
g. Ural'sk (for Khokhlov).

(Technological innovations)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6"

ACCESSION NR: AP4037610

s/0056/64/046/005/1906/1908

AUTHORS: Glazunov, Yu. Ya.; Savin, M. V.; Safina, In. N.; Fomushkin, E. F.; Khokhlov, Yu. A.

TITLE: Spectra of photoneutrons from platinum, bismuth, lead, and uranium

SOURCE: Zh. eksper. i teor. fiz., v. 46, no. 5, 1964, 1906-1908

TOPIC TAGS: photoneutron, neutron spectrum, gamma neutron reaction, platinum, bismuth, lead, uranium

ABSTRACT: The photoneutron spectra from platinum, lead, bismuth, and uranium were measured with a linear accelerator by the time-of-flight method. Targets of natural isotopic composition were bombarded by 16MeV electrons. The neutrons were counted by a fission chamber located 35 meters from the target at 90° to the electron beam. In the photoneutron spectra from bismuth and lead, two groups

Card 1/4

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-

ACCESSION NR: AP4037610

of neutrons show up clearly in addition to the evaporation spectrum (in the regions 1.3--3 MeV and >3 MeV. The deviation from the statistical distribution above 3 MeV, observed by many authors, is apparently due to the contribution of the direct interaction of γ quanta with neutrons in different nuclear shells. The authors believe that the neutron peak at 1.3--3 MeV is due to single-particle transitions from excited levels of the compound nucleus, which are possible in the excitation region ~10 MeV. Orig. art. has: 1 figure and 2 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: None

SUBMITTED: 110ct63

DATE ACQ: 09Jun64

ENCL: 02

SUB CODE: NP

NR REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 000

28(4) AUTHOR: Khokhlov, Yu. G., Hesearch Engineer of the Central Plant Laboratory (Kurom)

SOV/32-25-2-69/78

TITLE:

With a View to Focusing the Attention on Flant Laboratories (Obespechit' vnimaniye k zavodskim laboratoriyam)

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1959, Vol 25, Ur 2, p 248 (USSR)

ABJERACT:

The author of the present article critically reviews the present situation of plant laboratories. Inter alia, it is mentioned that the engineers working in plant laboratories are often not interested in research and confine themselves to slight and interested in research and confine themselves to slight and interested in research and confine themselves to slight and interested in research and confine themselves to slight and interested in research yellow the fact that innovations advantages. The cause lies mainly in the fact that innovations are not financed by the plants themselves so that it is not are not financed by the plants themselves so that it is not even possible to make use of the opportunities for serious even possible to make

Card 1/2

With a View to Focusing the Attention on Plant Laboratories

SOV/32-25-2-69/78

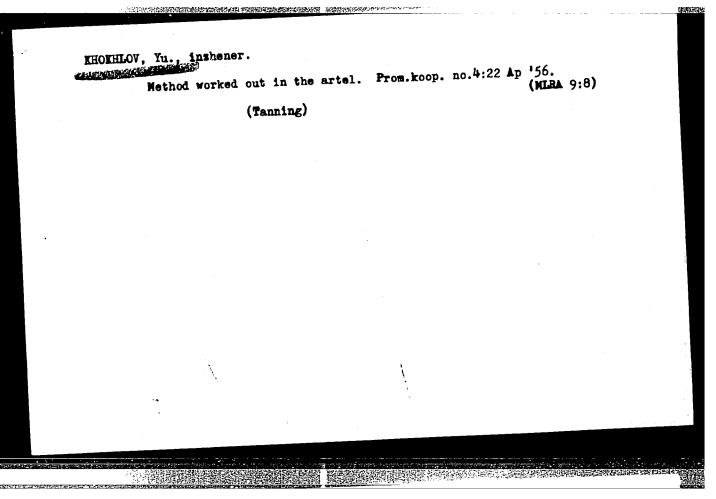
plant laboratories should be heightened so as to curb the prejudice against laboratory work in favor of work in the shops which causes engineers who would be able to carry out important research in the laboratories to prefer work in the plant.

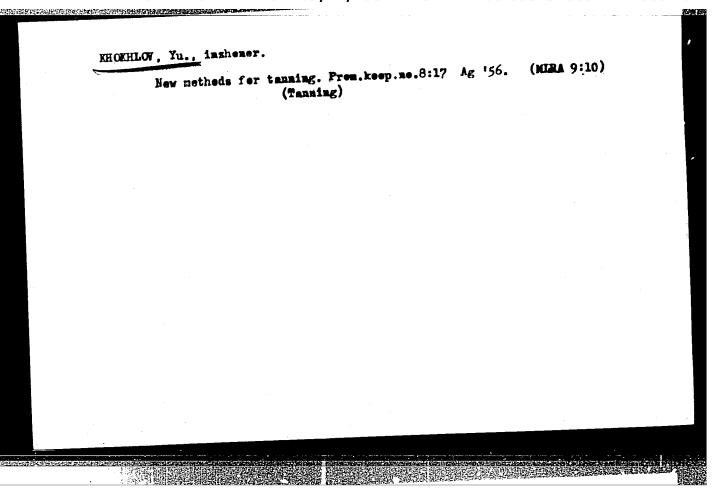
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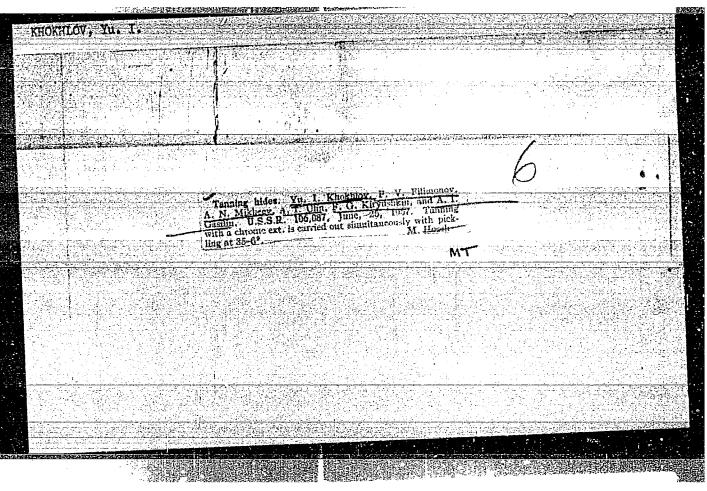
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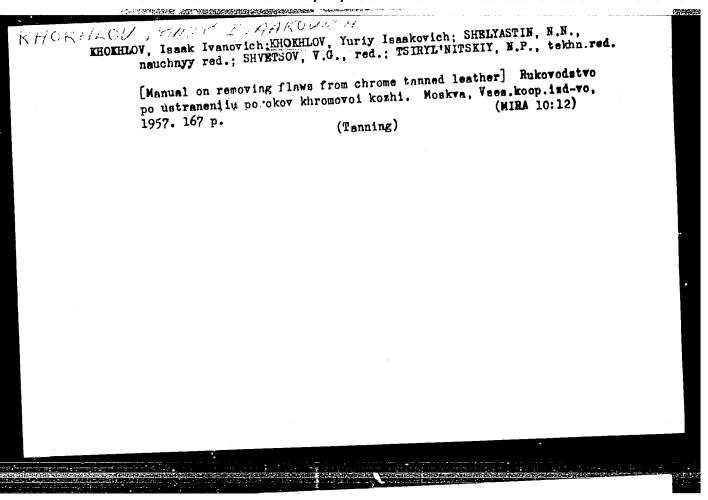
Card 2/2

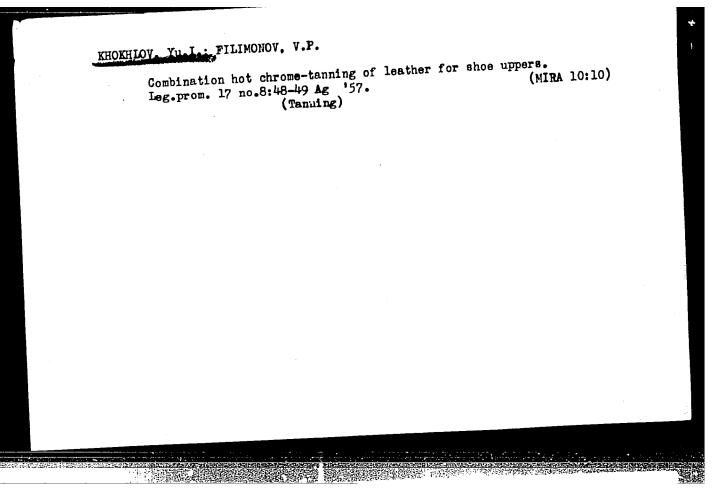
CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

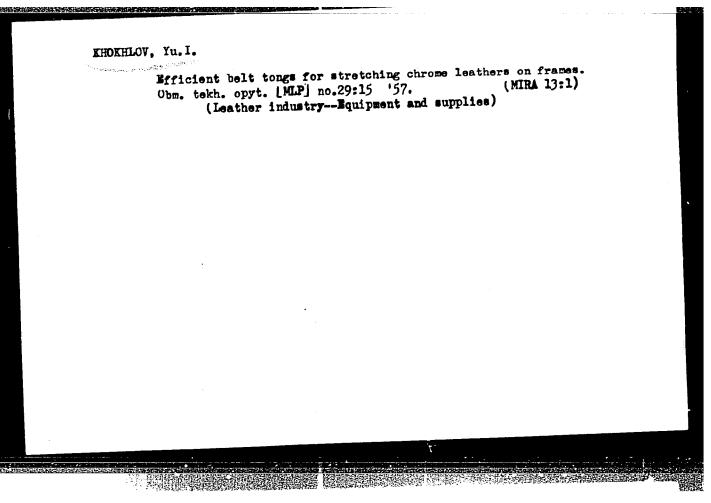












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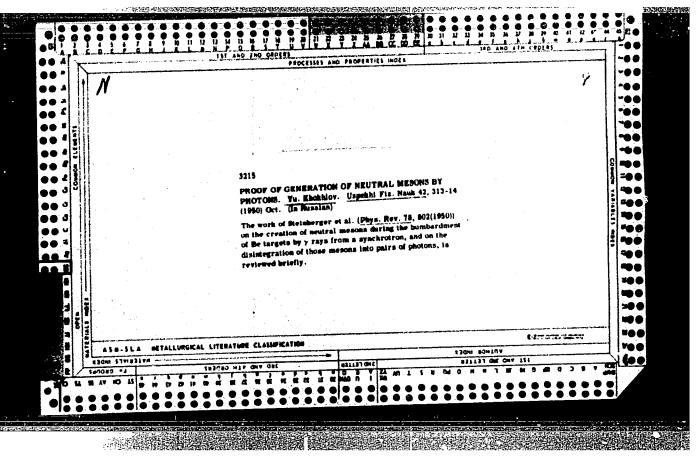
KHOKHLOV, Yu.I.; LYSEVICH, G.G.

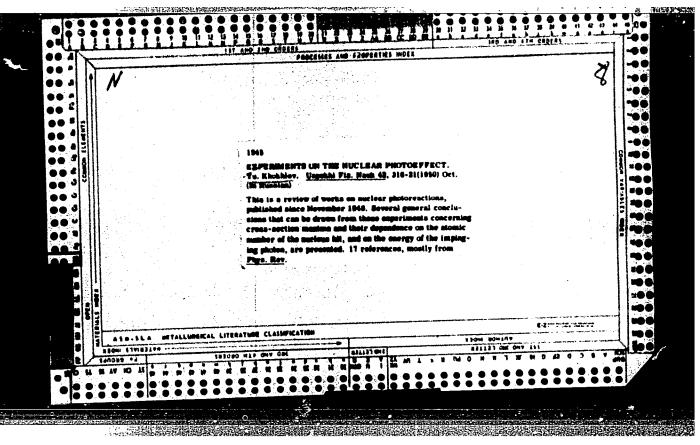
Mechanical brush for priming leather with aqueous nitro emulsions.

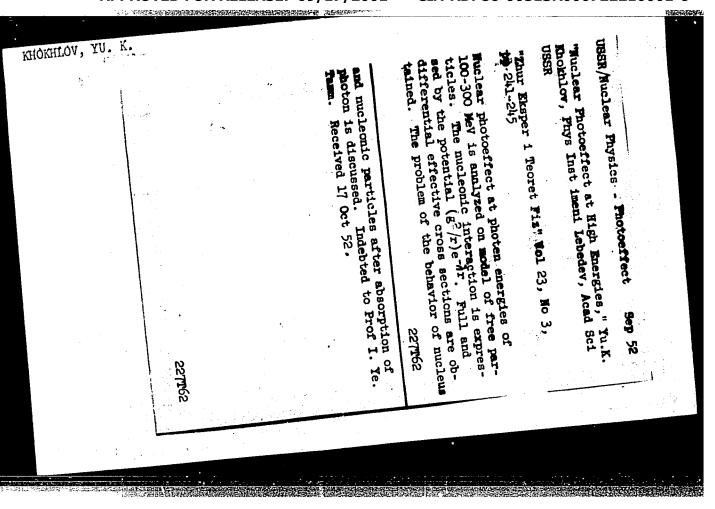
Obm. tekh. opyt. [MLP] no.29:19-23 '57. (MRA 13:1)

(leather industry--Equipment and supplies)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6"







APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6"

FD 422

USSR/Physics - Radiative processes

Card 1/1

Pub. 147-8/16

Author

: Khokhlov, Yu. K.

Title

: Description for the interaction of a system of particles with an

electromagnetic field

Periodical

: Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz. 26, 576-584, May 1954

Abstract

: Shows that the interaction of a system of particles with a magnetic field can be expressed directly through the field strength independently of the potential calibration. Gives a general definition of multipolar moments and treats their application in the theory of

radiative transitions.

Institutions

: Physics Institute imeni P. N. Lebedev, Academy of Sciences USSR

 ${\tt Submitted}$

: August 24, 1953

KHOKHLOV, Yu. K.

USSR/Nuclear Physics

Card 1/1

Author

: Khokhlov, Yu. K.

Title

Dipole transitions during nuclear photo-effect

Periodical

: Dokl. AN SSSR, 97, Fd. 2, 239 - 242, July 1954

Abstract

Basic points of view are given on the so-called gaseous model of a nuclear

particle exposed in a form of differential equation

 $G_{ED}(\tilde{\epsilon}) \cdot \frac{d\tilde{\epsilon}}{\tilde{\epsilon}} = \frac{4\pi^2}{hc} \langle D_z^2 \rangle$ where $\langle D_z^2 \rangle$ — is z component of a dipole op-

erator in respect to dipole electric momentum. The methods determining its $\langle D_z^2 \rangle$ are analyzed. Fourteen references. Tables, diagram.

Institution : Acad. of Sc. USSR, The P. N. Lebedev Physics Institute

Presented by : Academician D. V. Skobel'tsin, May 19, 1954

KHOKHLOT, Vin K.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6

Name: KHOKHLOV, Yu. K.

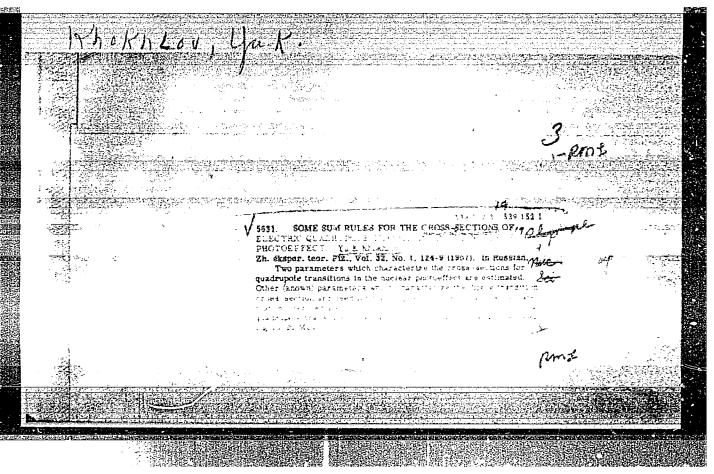
Dissertation: Investigations on the theory of the nuclear photoeffect

Degree: Cand Phys-Math Sci

Acad Sci USSR, Physics Inst imeni P. N. Lebedev

olication, Place: 1956, Moscow

Source: Knizhnaya Letopis', No 2, 1957



。 《表面表现的图像是我们就是那些的的是是我的情况的,就是我们的知识,就是我们的是我们的,我们也是我们的一个,不是我们的是是是我的的的。

SOV/56-35-1-32/59 .AUTHOR: Khokhlov, Yu. K. On the Problem of the Moment of Inertia of a Nonspherical TITLE: Nucleus (K voprosu o momente inertsii nesfericheskogo yaura, PERIODICAL: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1958, Vol. 35, Nr 1, pp. 240-243 (USSR) ABSTRACT: The present paper aims at deriving an expression for the nuclear moment of inertia in an approximation including the square of the nonsphericity parameters. The results obtained by Inglis (Refs 1,2) serve as a basis. For the potential of an independent particle model a rectangular potential well with infinitely high walls is assumed. In view of existing mathematical difficulties the author deals only with the case of closed shells. The wave functions of the nucleons are calculated by the method of ... perturbation of boundary conditions with an accuracy of up to and including the 4. approximation. For the moment of inertia $I \approx g \sum_{e_1} I_{e_1}^2$ is obtained and for the hydrodynamic moment of inertia $I_{hydr} = \frac{9}{10} MAR^2 \chi^2$ is obtained in quadratic Card 1/2

On the Problem of the Moment of Inertia of a Nonspherical Nucleus

SOV/56-35-1-32/59

approximation.

approximation. $M = \text{nucleon mass}, A = \text{number of nucleons}, X = k_0 R_0, \text{ in}$ practice it holds that $X^2 = 10^2$; $k_0 - \text{eigenvalue for}$ $j_{\ell}(k_0 R_0) = 0$. For the ratio of I/I_{hydr} the following values

are calculated for different A-values:

A: 136 180 184 212 264 276 312 372 I/I_{hydr}: 10,5 8,8 7,9 10,4 9,4 5,0 6,5 6 15,6

There are 1 table and 3 references.

Fizicheskiy institut im. P.N. Lebedeva Akademii nauk SSSR ASSOCIATION:

(Physics Institute imeni P.N. Lebedev, AS USSR)

February 24, 1958 SUBMITTED:

Card 2/2

24(5) SOV/56-36-1-43/62 Khokhlov, Yu. K. AUTHOR: On the Moment of Inertia of a System of Many Particles. I TITLE: (O momente inertsii sistemy mnogikh chastits. I) Zhurnal eksperimental noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki, 1959, PERIODICAL: Vol 36, Nr 1, pp 295-299 (USSR) As far as the author knows, no sufficiently general expression ABSTRACT: has hitherto been given in publications for the operator of the moment of inertia. The present paper is intended, among other things, to fill this gap by determining the moment of inertia of a system rotating round an immobile axis. The author further investigates several estimates made of the lower limit of the possible values of the moment of inertia. One of these estimates leads to the conclusion that the moment of inertia of a spherically-symmetric system (above all a spherical atomic nucleus) not only does not become equal to zero, but that it is not even very small compared to the moment of inertia of a solid body. The first part of the present paper deals with the collective angular variable . The author endeavors to develop the theory in a manner that does not deviate from the concrete nature of the separation Card 1/4

On the Moment of Inertia of a System of Many Particles. I

SOV/56-36-1-43/62

of the collective angular variable. However, this separation itself is an essential necessity of the theory. Carrying out of this separation is discussed step by step. The Hamiltonian of the system has the form

H = $\sum (\hbar^2/2m) (J^2/J_x^2 + J^2/J_y^2 + J^2/J_z^2) + U$. The second part of the paper deals with the moment of inertia. The author introduces the complete system of the eigenfunctions of the operators H and M: H\(\mu_n = E_n \mu_n \); M\(\mu_n = M_n \mu_n \). A certain initial state $\[\mu_0$ is investigated, which belongs to the eigenvalues E_0 and M₀. In the case of not too high values of the parameter M₀, this function may be expanded in series according to the powers of M₀: $E_0(M_0) = E_0(0) + M_0^2/2I + \cdots$. This expansion in series may be broken off after the quadratic term (in which case a pure rotation spectrum is concerned). In the presence of higher terms the rotation spectrum is distorted in a more or less high degree. However,

Card 2/4

On the Moment of Inertia of a System of Many Particles. I $\ensuremath{\checkmark}$

SOV/56-36-1-43/62

in all cases the quantity I must be interpreted as moment of inertia. By way of an example, two-dimensional solid rotators, which are in interaction, are investigated. By a suitable selection of the collective angular variables the internal and external motions can be completely separated from each other. The third chapter deals with angular velocity as a whole. Finally, the present paper estimates the lowest limit of the moment of inertia. The following holds:

 $\left(\frac{\partial\Omega}{\partial M_{o}}\right)_{M_{o}=M} = \left\langle \Phi_{o}, \frac{1}{\hat{I}_{o}} \Phi_{o} \right\rangle^{-2} \left\langle \Phi_{o}, \text{VP} \frac{1}{H'-E_{o}} \text{ V} \Phi_{o} \right\rangle_{\text{with}} \Omega = \left\langle \Psi_{o} \dot{\varphi} \Psi_{o} \right\rangle$

 $V = \sum_{i} i \hbar \left[\frac{1}{\hat{\Gamma}_{i}} (x \frac{\partial}{\partial y} - y \frac{\partial}{\partial x}) - \frac{1}{m} (\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y} \frac{\partial}{\partial y}) - \frac{1}{2m} (\frac{\partial^{2} \psi}{\partial x^{2}} + \frac{\partial^{2} \psi}{\partial y^{2}}) \right]$ $\frac{1}{\hat{\Gamma}_{o}} = \sum_{i} \frac{1}{m} \left[(\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x})^{2} + (\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y})^{2} \right]. \text{ The first term } \left\langle \hat{\Phi}_{o}, \frac{1}{\hat{\Gamma}_{o}} \hat{\Phi}_{o} \right\rangle \text{ defines}$

a certain "naked" moment I_0 , which plays the part of a "naked" generalized mass with respect to the generalized coordinate φ .

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On the Moment of Inertia of a System of Many Particles. I

SOV/56-36-1-43/62

The second term determines the direction to the "naked" moment as a result of coupling between the motions of the individual parts of the moving system. The "naked" moment of inertia is, at least for the ground state of a system, always smaller than the true moment of inertia. The moment of inertia of the ground state cannot be less than 1/14 of that of a solid body. The author thanks Professor A. S. Davydov for discussing the results obtained by this paper. There are 3 references.

ASSOCIATION: Fizicheskiy institut im. P. N. Lebedeva Akademii nauk SSSR (Physics Institute imeni P. N. Lebedev of the Academy of

Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED:

August 5, 1958

Card 4/4

KHOKHLOV, Yu.K.

Theory of the nuclear moment of inertia. Zhur.eksp.i teor.fiz. 37 no.4:1136-1137 0 59. (MIRA 13:5)

1. Fizicheskiy institut imeni P.W. Lebedeva Akademii nauk SSSR. (Nuclei, Atomic)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6"

KHOKHLOV, Yu.K.

Equilibrium form of atomic nuclei. Zhur. eksp. i teor. fiz. 47 no.1:175-180 Jl '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Fizicheskiy institut imeni Lebedeva AN SSSR.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6

ACC NR

AP6019614

A.N.

SOURCE CODE: UR/0048/66/030/002/0242/0248

AUTHOR:

Khokhlov, Yu.K.

PUTTING/EXTERN

ORG: Physics Institute im. P.N.Lebedev, Academy of Sciences, SSSR (Fizicheskiy institut Akademii nauk SSSR)

TITLE: The method of collective cariables in nuclear theory /Report, Fifteenth Annual Conference on Nuclear Spectroscopy and Nuclear Structure, held at Minsk, 25 January to 2 February 1965/

SOURCE: AN SSSR. Izvestiya Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 30, no. 2, 1966, 242-248

TOPIC TAGS: mathematic method, many body problem, nuclear structure, nuclear energy level, collective motion, nuclear rotation, nuclear vibration

ABSTRACT: Most of this paper is devoted to an exposition of the technique of F.Villars (Ann. Phys., 5, 224 (1958); Tr. II Vsesoyuznoy konferentsii po yadernym reaktsiyam pri malykh i srednykh energiyakh, str. 505. Izd. AN SSSR, M., 1962) for introducing collective coordinates in the treatment of a many-body problem. That technique consists in introducing the collective coordinates as parameters in a suitable linear transformation of the Cartesian coordinate system and imposing appropriate conditions on the transformed coordinates in order to determine the parameters as functions of the Cartesian coordinates of the particles. The method is illustrated

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Card 2/2 V

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6"

KHOKHLOU, YU.S.

AUTHOR

KOVALEV, T. T., POPOV. V.I., SMIRINNY, L.N., 89-6-12/24

KHOKHLOV, YU.S.

TITLE

The Experimental Determination of the Emission of

-Radiation from Extensive Sources.

(Eksperimental noye opredeleniye vykhoda / -islucheniya

is protyashennykh istochnikov. - Russian)

PERIODICAL

Atomaya Energiya 1957, Vol 2, Mr 6, pp 553-555 (USSE)

ABSTRACT

The manifold character of shapes, dimensions, and conditions of application of extensive radiation sources makes it necessary to carry out special experiments for each concrete case. The difficulty consists in the fact that the various factors determining the emission of perdiation from the extensive sources act simultaneously. The experimental determination of the dependence of the factors determining the emission of perdiation from the extensive sources can be no means be carried out on real extensive sources. A method which was suggested makes use of the model of an extensive source and permits a separate experimental investigation of the influence exercised by one or the other factor upon the emission of the prays.

CARD 1/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6

The Experimental Determination of the Emission of -Radiation from Extensive Sources.

This method can be applied to any extended or distributed sources. This is of particular interest in the case of such sources as represent rotational bodies or rotational figures. The authors at first investigate the modelling of an extensive source which has no self-absorption and multiple scattering. For a given extensive source a differential volume element is sought by the rotation round the axis of the source of which it is possible to reproduce the entire volume of the extensive source. By suitable selection of the volume element the influence of self-absorption and multiple scattering can be eliminated. The emission of

J radiation from such a rotating body is determined by purely geometric factors. The authors then discuss the application of this modelling method to some simple forms of sources. This modelling method can also be used for the investigation of the influence exercised by self-absorption and multiple scattering upon the emission of J-radiation from an extensive body. Experiments concerning the evalution

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L 10133-63 BDS/EWT(d)/FCC(w)/EBC-2/EED-2/EED-2-AFFTC/AFGC/ASD/ESD-3-Pg-4/Pk-4/Pm-4/Po-4/Pq-4-IJP(C)/GG

ACCESSION NR: AP3000162

8/0141/63/006/002/0392/0397

AUTHOR: Prokof'yev, Ye. V.; Khokhlov, Yu. Ya.

86 85

TITLE: Pulse-time modulation used for simulating variable delay on a magnetic tape

SOURCE: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy, radiofizika, v. 6, no. 2, 1963, 392-397

TOPIC TAGS: delay simulation, analogue computer

ABSTRACT: Constant-delay simulators as used in the analogue computers are inadequate for solving many problems involving variable delays. A magnetic-tape recorder with movable heads is suggested for simulating variable delays. Using the pulse-time modulation for varying the delay is substantiated mathematically. Delay signal distortions due to the magnetic-head movement during the recording and due to the tape-speed variation are analyzed. Orig. art. has: 23 equations and 3 figures.

Scientific-Research Physicotechnical Institute, Gor'kiy University

Card 1/7/

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6

L 00075-66 EWT(1)/EWA(h)

ACCESSION NR: AR5013616

UR/0271/65/000/004/B025/B025 681.142.65

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Avtomatika, telemekhanika i vychislitelinaya tekhnika. Svodnyy tom, Abs. 4B186

AUTHOR: Prokofiyev, Ye. V.; Khokhlov, Yu. Ya.

TITLE: Device for simulating variable dolay 15

CITED SOURCE: Tr. po vopr. primeneniya elektron. vychisl. mashin v nar. kh-ve. Gor'kiy, 1964, 209-212

TOPIC TAGS: time delay device, variable delay

TRANSLATION: It is difficult to realize a variable delay by means of a magnetic tape because a signal modulation occurs due to fluctuations of relative speeds of the magnetic head and tape. To reduce this distortion, the pulse-duration modulation has been used. A device is described based on the above principles in which the delay is determined by the angle between the recording and playback magnetic heads. This angle can be varied by a servosystem. The servosystem amplifier has a balanced circuit and a flexible signal-second-derivative faedback

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR	: AR5013616				0	
range, 0.5 reproduction	The device has the 22 sec; maximum r of the delayed s, 3.5 hours. Bibl	ate of delay vi ignal, 11.5%	ristion, 0.3	5 cm/sec; tot	al error of	
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44.1						
<i>Sard</i> 2/2						

CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001

35927

5/148/62/000/002/004/008

E082/E435

AUTHORS:

Plyatskovskiy, O.A., Khokhlov-Nekrasov, O.G.

TITLE:

Deformation and mechanism of cavitation of the core

of a billet during cross-rolling operations

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy.

Chernaya metallurgiya, no.2, 1962, 88-97

TEXT: The authors describe experiments to determine the stress conditions arising in a billet during cross-rolling, and the causes of cavitation in its core. For this purpose they used lead billets into which strain gauges were inserted. Preparation of billets is described and the results are shown by graphs and oscillograph recordings illustrating characteristic deformation of the core, and of different layers of the metal. Due to the greater speed of flow of the peripheral layers compared with that of the core and at the ends of the billet, considerable longitudinal tensile stresses arise in the core. There is also considerable plastic deformation of the core in the longitudinal direction which increases as the billet travels through the roll-pass. As the billet enters the rolls compressive deformation is observed Card 1/3

5/148/62/000/002/004/008 E082/E435

Deformation and mechanism ...

in the peripheral layers of the metal. This changes to a rapidly increasing longitudinal tensile deformation. A corresponding change of radial stresses from compression to tension takes place in the meridional section of the billet. In the "plastic cone" area, and in the adjacent metal, compressive stresses appear in the direction of the external forces but perpendicular to this, and at an angle, transverse-radial tensile stresses arise. The plastic displacement of the peripheral layer relative to the core, increases the tension in the core of the billet. Maximum inequality of stress and deformation was observed at the boundaries between the plastic cone and the Cavitation, due to the influence of end portions of the billet. bursting stresses, precedes plastic deformation. When rolling billets with different ratios of length to diameter, the stress conditions are analogous, but the magnitude of stress differs. It is possible to reduce the inequality of deformation, magnitude of additional stresses and probability of cavitation by increasing "pinch" and reducing the length of the zone of deformation (e.g. by increasing roll angle, increasing feed Card 2/3

s/148/62/000/002/004/008 E082/E435

Deformation and mechanism ...

angle, etc). Photographs show examples of cavitation obtained when rolling steel at 1800° C. There are 7 figures.

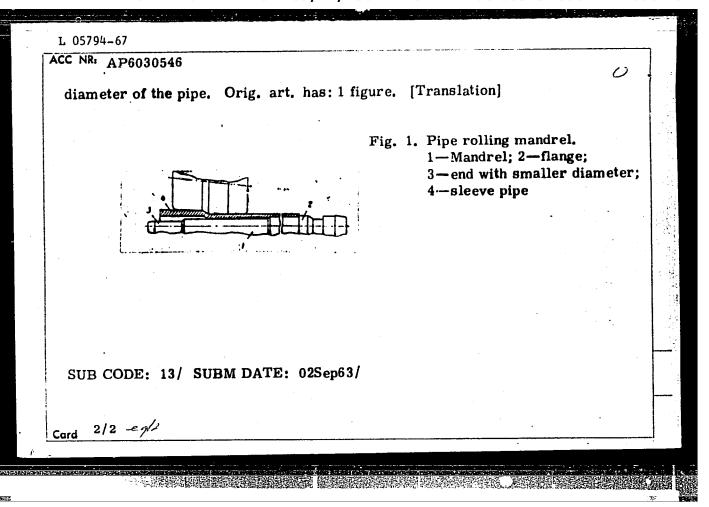
ASSOCIATION: Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy trubnyy institut (Ukrainian Scientific Research Institute

for Pipes)

October 27, 1960 SUBMITTED:

Card 3/3

twi(m)/EWP(t)/ETI/EWP(k) IJP(c) JD/HW ACC NR AP6030546 SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/016/0017/0017 INVENTOR: Plyatskovskiy, O. A.; Khokhlov-Nekrasov, O. G.; Umerenkov, V. N.; Starodvorskiy, V. S.; Grigor'yev, L. F. 3/ ORG: none Class 7, No. 184790 TITLE: Method of rolling pipe. SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 16, 1966, 17 TOPIC TAGS: metal rolling, rolling mill, pipe, pipe rolling, mandrel ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued describing a method for rolling pipe on a graduated mandrel (see Fig. 1). To ensure the potentialities of rolling the thin-walled pipes and pipes with a graduated diameter, the mandrel, freely moving in rollers together with the pipe, is fixed with regard to one of the ends of the rolling sleeve pipe, such as the flange, or it is moved periodically in a definite plan. The mandrel has a flange at one end, the diameter of which is greater than the inside diameter of the sleeve but is smaller than the outside diameter of the pipe, while the diameter of its other end is smaller than the inside Card 1/2 UDC: 621,774,3



L 56680-65 EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWA(d)/EWP(t)/EWP(z)/EWP(b) MJW/JD/WB ACCESSION NR: AP5013787 UR/0128/65/000/005/0001/0002 621.74.042:669.14.018.85 AUTHOR: Volkovitskiy, G. I. (Candidate of technical sciences); Plyatskovskiy, O.A. (Doctor of technical sciences); Yuferov, V. M. (Candidate of technical sciences); Dzyuba, M. I. (Engineer); Khokhlov-Nekrasov, O. G. (Engineer) TITLE: Centrifugal casting of large tube blanks from OKh10N2OT2 steel SOURCE: Liteynoye proizvedstvo, no. 5, 1965, 1-2 TOPIC TAGS: centrifugal casting, austenitic steel, high-strength tube, corrusion resistance ABSTRACT: Procedures employed in centrifugal casting of 3700 mm long tube blanks with internal diameters of 160, 145 and 120 mm and external diameters of 490, 450 and 365 mm are described. The tubes were cast from austenitic precipitation hardening OKhloN20T2 steel (<0.08% C, <0.80% Si, <0.03% P, 10-12% Cr, 18-20% Ni, 1.5-2.5% Ti, <0.60% Al). The cast tubes were then machined externally to a tolerance of 10-12 mm and internally to a tolerance of 20-25 mm. All of the sprimens exhibited Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP5013787 a primarily columnar structure and heat treated tubes were it is determined that the that of those prepared from the column are the	cost of tubes prepared by t	rties of the finished rolled o >40 kg/mm², c=25% and \(\psi =40 \) his method is 25-30% less than	
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KHOKHLOVA, A., konstruktor; PONOMAREVA, T. [Panamarqva, T.],
master; BUBEN, Antonina [Buben, Antanina], kontroler; ZUTEVA, O.,
[Zuiera, Vol'ga Danilovna], master; KUR'YANOVA, Bina

We work at the tractor plant. Rab.i sial, 34 no.11:7-8 N '58.
(MIRA 11:12)

1. Minskiy tractory teach bolo; Chugunnoliteyny teach (for Ponomareva). 3. Traktormy teach bolo; Cfor Buben, Kur'yanova).
4. Pressovyy teach (for Zuyeva).
(Minsk Tractor industry) (Nomen Ployment)

KHOKHLOVA, A.A.

Comparative data on the effectiveness of treating patients with acute and chronic dysentery in relation to the degree of sensitivity of the pathogen to antibiotics. Sov.med. 24 no.9:97-100 S *60.

(MIRA 13:11)

1. Iz kafedry mikrobiologii (zav. - prof. A.P. Afanas yeva) Ryasanskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni akademika I,P. Pavlova. (DYSENTERY) (ANTIBIOTICS)

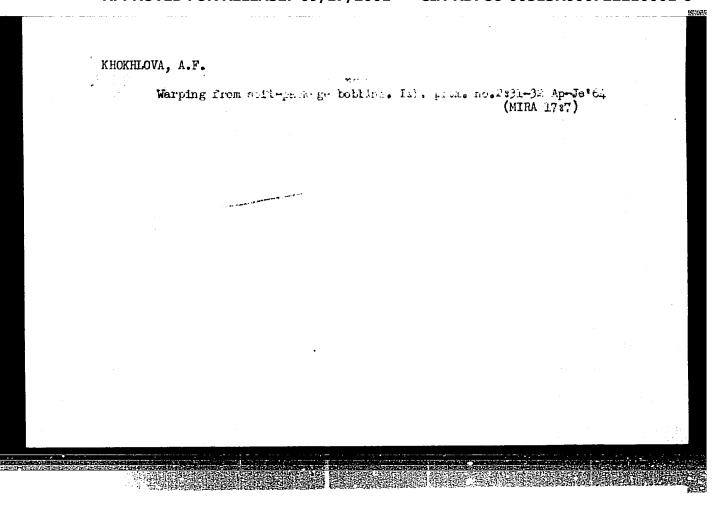
KHOKHLOVA, A. A.

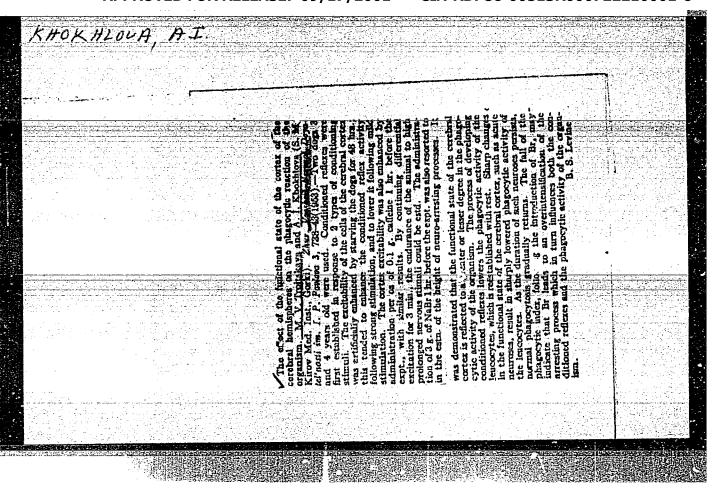
Cand Med Sci - (diss) "Sensitivity of dysenteric bacteria to sulfanilamides and antibiotics from materials of the city of Ryazan' in the periods 1955-1956 and 1958-1959." Moscow, 1961. 15 pp; (First Moscow Order of Lenin Medical Inst imeni I. M. Sechenov); 250 copies; price not given; (KL, 10-61 sup, 227)

KHOKHLOVA, A.A.

Comparative indicators of antibiotic resistance of dysenterial bacteria isolated in Ryazan during 1955-1956 and 1958-1959. Antibiotiki 6 no. 5:434-437 My '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Kafedra mikrobiologii (zav. - prof. L.P.Afanas'yeva) Ryazanskogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni akademika I.P.Pavlova.
(SHIGELLA) (ANTIBIOTICS)





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KHOKHLOVA, A. M Yagubyants, I. M. and Khokhlova, A. M. "species and dynamics of a number of fleas of house mice and their nests," Trudy (Rost. n/D gos. nauch.-issled. protivoyhum. in-t), Vol. VII, 1948, P. 27-35 - Bibliog: 5 items

SO: U-2888, Letopis Zhurnal'nykh Statey, No. 1, 1949

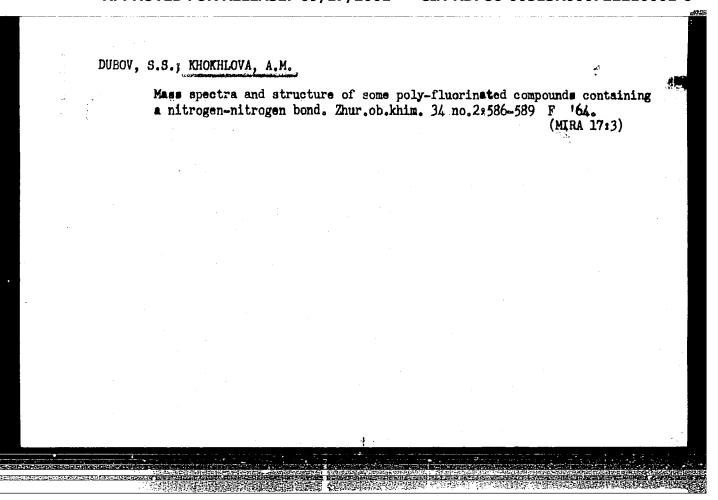
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DUBOV, S.S.; KHOKHLOVA, A.M.; RODIONOVA, N.P.

Mass spectra of some poly- and perflupro azo and azoxy compounds. Zhur. VKHO 7 no.6:692 162. (MIRA 15:12)

(Azo compounds—Spectra)

(Azoxy compounds—Spectrs)



DUBOV, S. S.; KHOKHLOVA, A. M. Mass spectra of some polyfluorinated organic compounds with a nitrogen-oxygen bond. Shur. ob. Khim. 34 no.6:1961-1964 Je '64. (MIRA 17:7)

TINKER, I.S. [deceased]; LEVI, M.I.; KHOKHLOVA, A.M.; ALESHINA, Ye.N.; ORLOVA, G.M.; GERASYUK, L.G.

Immunological comparison of the IA fraction of various strains of the plague pathogen. Zhur.mikrobiol.,epid. i immun. 41 no.5:144 My *64. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Rostovskiy-na-Donu nauchno-issledovatel skiy protivochumnyy institut.

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5/046/62/026/011/006/021 B125/B102

AUTHORS:

Gusel'nikov, V. S., and Khokhlova, A. N.

TITLE:

Study of the emission properties of the many-alkaline photo-

cathodes sensitized with oxygen

PERIODICAL:

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvostiya. Seriya fizicheskaya, v. 26, no. 11, 1962, 1382 - 1385

TEXT: A method has been developed for increasing the sensitivity of photocathodes to between 200 and 240 $\mu a/lumen$ by impregnation with cesium followed by treatment with oxygen. The sensitizing shifts the sensitivity maximum from 400 - 420 muto 480 - 520 mu. The red limit of the photoeffect is shifted only slightly. At 850 - 900 mu the sensitivity amounts to 1% of the maximum sensitivity. At the beginning of the sensitizing process the resistivity of the photoelectrically active layer decreases, efter which it remains constant for a certain time and then increases. At . the same time the sensitivity of the photocathode increases rapidly. The final value of Q is 3 - 6.105 ohm.cm for a highly sensitive photocathode. A method has been worked out for determining the internal resistance of the active layer of the photocathode as a fraction of sitsttotals resistance. Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6

Study of the emission properties...

5/048/62/026/011/006/021 B125/B102

The resistance between the contacts and the layer is some dozens of kilohms at most, whereas the resistance of the layer itself is some hundreds of kilohms. The resistance of the active layer is purely ohmic. This was proved by the photoconductivity measurements made whilst moving a light probe from the positive to the negative electrode, and by measuring the inertia of the conduction current in the case of intermittent illumination. Further proofs of the intrinsic nature of photoconductivity are that the amperage of the external photoemission is independent of the voltage on the layer, and that the amperage of the photoconduction is independent of the anode voltage. The increase and decrease of the external emission and of the inner photoeffect are rigidly proportional The limiting wavelength of the effective sensitivity of the internal photoeffect is 1.4 μ . The minimum energy of the transition of an electron to the filled band is \sim 0.2 ev. This value is probably due to the existence of impurity levels. The dark current (6.10-15 to 3.10-16 a cm-2) does not depend directly on the integral sensitivity. The fatigue of the sensitized many-alkaline photocathodes increases with the wave length. The sensitizing is not due to the reduction of the work function resulting from changes in the surface coating. The photocathodes may perhaps be improved by investigations into the processes of oxygen-sensitizing. There are 3 figures. Card 2/2

DIANICH, M.M., assistent; SUKHOYA, A.I.; KHOKHLOVA, G.A., inzh.-khimik

Improving staple fiber suiting fabrics. Tekst. prom. 20
no. 11:53-54 M '60. (MIRA 13:12)

1. L'vovskiy torgovo-ekonomicheskiy institut (for Dianich).
2. Zaveduyushchiy khimicheskoy laboratoriyey Yegor'yevskogo
melanzhevogo kombinata (for Sukhova).

(Textile fabrics) (Sizing (Textile))

GRASHCHERKOVA, Z.P.; KHOKHLOVA, G.P.

Analgesic use of promedol in labor. Akush. i gin. no.6:36-38 H-D *54.

1. In Instituta akush. i ginekol. (dir. L.G.Stepanov, naucha. rukovod. prof. P.A.Beloshapko) Ministerstva sdravockhraneniya SSSR.

(Labor. anaethesia & analgesia

4-phenyl-4-propoxy-1, 2,5-trimethylpiperidine HCl)

(PIPUR IDIES, ther. use

4-phenyl-4-propoxy-1, 2,5-trimethylpiperidine HCl in labor pain)

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4-phenyl-4-propoxy-1, 2,5-tremethylpiperidine HCl in labor pain)

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AUTHOR:

Khokhlova, G.V.

SOV/113-58-4-10/21

TITLE:

Devices for the Control of Parts in the Grinding Process (Pribory dlya kontrolya detalyey v protsesse shlifovaniya)

PERIODICAL:

Avtomobil'naya promyshlennost:, 1958, Nr 4, pp 28-30 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

After having stressed the importance of devices for the control of parts in the grinding process, a fact which has been recognized abroad and in the USSR, the at nor describes in detail three such devices developed by the Byure vzaimozamenyayemosti (Interchangeability Bureau): a device with an electropneumatic pick-up intended for the control of smooth shafts of 8 to 60 mm diamete. n grinding on circular grinding machines with manual and automatic control. The device contains three principal assemblies, a measuring appliance, and measuring and electronic blocks. The measuring block consists of the block of filters, stabilizers and the electropneumatic bellows-type pick-up. The measuring appliance (Figure 1) is a floating double-contact clamp fastened by a flat spring on a bracket. The scale has a multiplying factor of 1/1000 mm. The field of error of the device is between 1/1000 and 3/1000 mm. Another new control device is designed for the control of parts of 5 to 25 mm diameter during machining on centerless grinding machines (Figure 2).

Card 1/2

SOV/113-58-4-10/21

Devices for the Control of Parts in the Grinding Process

The device sends electrical pulses which are utilized for automatic setting during the machining of smooth cylindrical parts and parts with irregular surfaces. The range of error in the operation of this device is $\frac{1}{2}$ 2 microns. The third device (Figure 3) is designed for the control of the diameters of smooth cylindrical apertures during the process of internal grinding. It was designed for the ZA250 grinder to cover the range between 50 and 200 mm. The operation of the device is based on the inductive method of measuring, using a self-balancing bridge. The bore is . checked at one section spaced at 10 mm distance from the open face of the article. The principle this device is based on is better than the beam gage principle applied in those designed by S.L. Malzin. But modernization of control devices is being carried out in the automobile plants, especially in the Moskovskiy avtozavod imeni Likhacheva (Moscow Automobile Plant imeni Likhachev). There are 3 diagrams and 1 Soviet reference.

ASSOCIATION:

NIITAvtoprom

1. Grinders--Equipment 2. Grinders--Control systems

3. Control systems -- Equipment 4. Control systems -- Performance

Card 2/2

VYSOTSKIY, A.V.; DVORETSKIY, Ye.R.; KONDASHEVSKIY, V.V.; KUZ'MICHEV, V.T.;
MOROZOV, I.K.; POLYANSKIY, P.M.; TUEENSHIYAK, Z.L.; KHOKHLOVA, G.V.;
CHASOVNIKOV, G.V.; SHLEYFER, M.L.; BAYBUNOV, B.S., red.; KOCHENOV,
M.I., red.; MALYY, D.D., red.; AKIMOVA, A.G., red. izd-va; EL'KIND,
V.D., tekhm. red.

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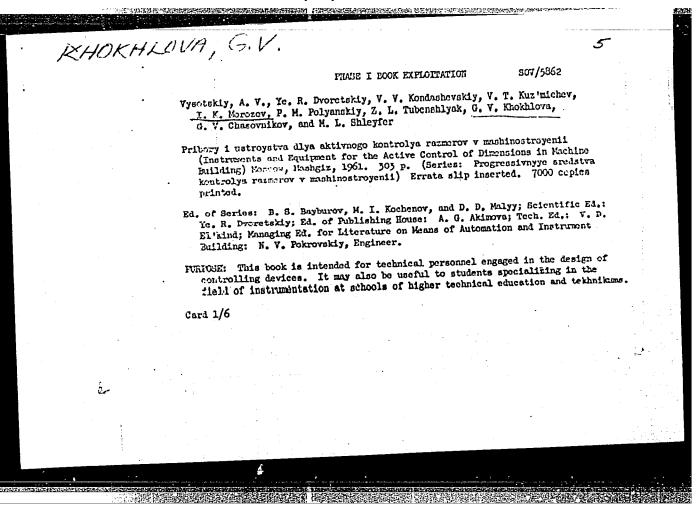
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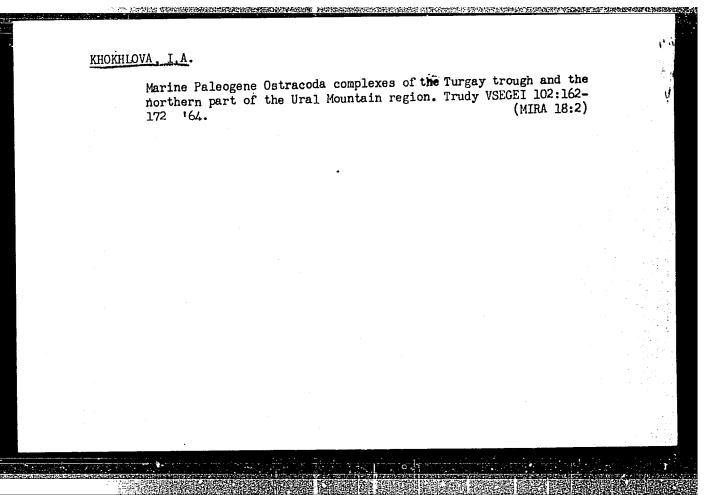
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•	AVAILABLE: Library of Congress (TJ1167.P73)	
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New Late Eocene ostracods from the Turgay gates. Paleont.zhur. (MIRA 15:3) no.4:109-114 '61. 1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy geologicheskiy institut. (Turagay gates--Ostrocoda, Fossil)

LIPMAN, R.Kh.; KHOKHLOVA, I.A.

Stratigraphy of Upper Cretaceous and Paleogene sediments in the northern Aral Sea region. Inform.sbor.VSEGEI no.47:37-49 *61.

(MIRA 15:4)

(Aral Sea region-Paleontology, Stratigraphic)

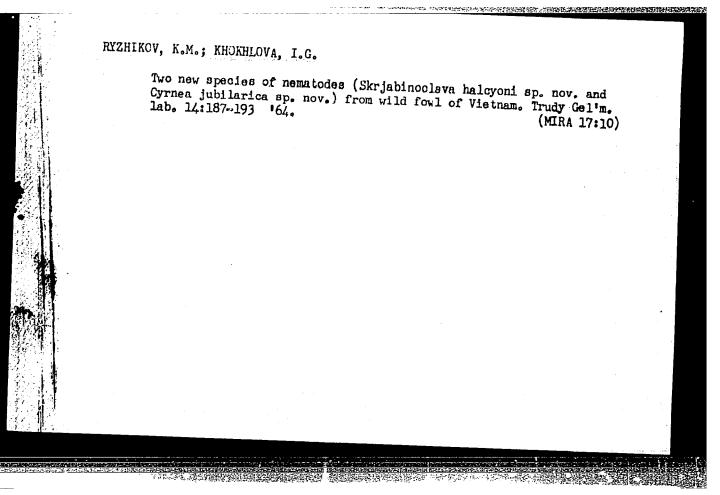
KHOKHLOVA, I.A.

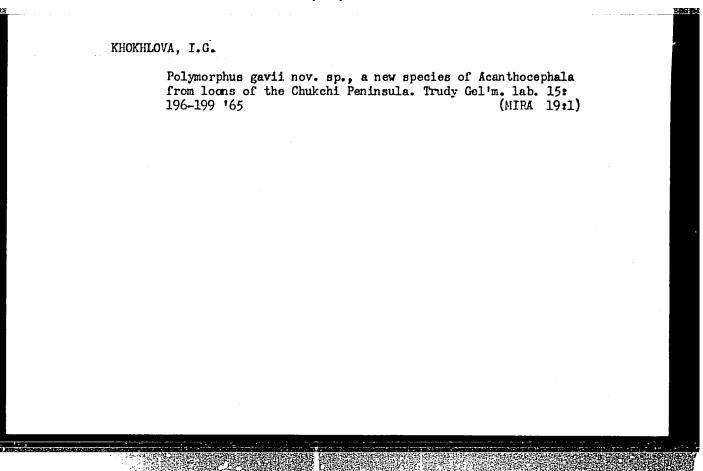
Find of a representative of the genus Aulocytheridea in the Eocene of the Turgay trough. Trudy VSEGEI 93:29-34 '64. (MIRA 18:7)

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LIPMAN, R.Kh.; KHOKHLOVA, I.A.

Microfaunal characteristics of Upper Cretaceous and Paleogene sediments in the northern part of the Ural Mountain region. Trudy VSEGEI 93:181-190 '64. (MIRA 18:7)





GOLUBEV, I.Y., prof.; BOYKO, M.S., kand. biolog. nauk; KHOKHLOVA, I.I., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

The right regimen of animals. Veterinariia 40 no.4:67-69 Ap *63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Belorusskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zhivot-novodstva.

Jul/Aug. 48

KHOKHTOVA K. G.

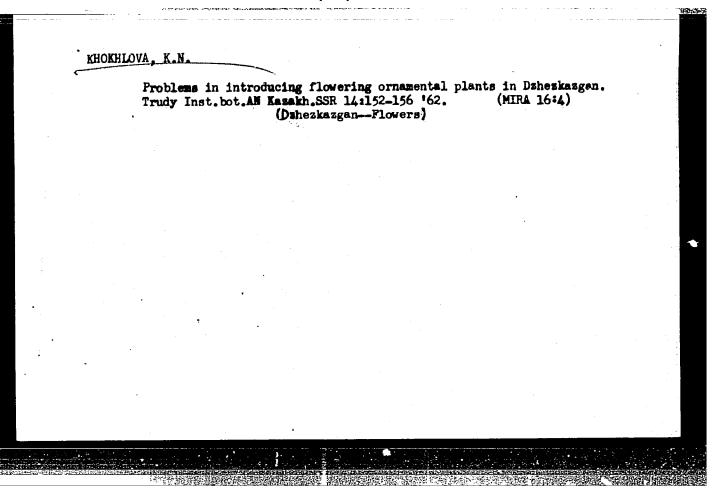
USF Miccicine - Ulcers, Treatment Medicine - bounds, Therapy

"Treatment of Gleers and Slow-Healing kounce by Grafting," G. G. toenyakov, G. M. Afanas yeva, R. G. Khokhlova, Clinic of Gen Surg, First Lemingrad Med. Inst. imeni I. P. Pavlov, 5 pp

"Vest Khirurgii" Vol LXVIII, No 4

Periews history of subject. Describes own methods. Concludes that local application of chemically treated tissue by Kraus's method to slow-healing wounds is technically chemically and can be used on ambulatory cases. The use of anniotic membrane as grafting matchial in treating slow-healing wounds and ulcers is nost convenient for it can be easily obtained from maternity homes and the conors as a rule have been checked for syphilis, malaria, etc.

PA 21/69784



TRODOROVICH, V.I.; KHOKHLOVA, K.V.

Simple method for preparing a leukocyte suspension [with summary in English, p.56]. Probl.gemat. 1 perel.krovi 2 no.4:27-30 Jl-Ag '57.

(MLRA 10:10)

1. Iz Leningradskogo ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo Znameni nauchno-isaledovatel'skogo instituta perelivaniya krovi (dir. - dotsent A.D.Belyakov, nauchnyy rukovoditel' - chlen-korrespondent AMM SSSR prof. A.M.Filatov)

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suspension for trensfusion, prep. of (Rus))

(BLOOD TRANSFUSION,

prep. of suspension of leukocytes (Rus))

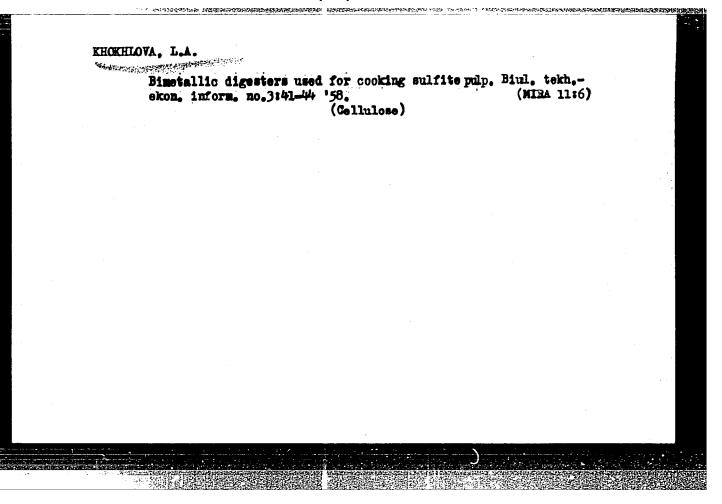
NAUMOV, S., kand.arkhitektury; KHOKHLOVA, L., kand.arkhitektury

Experimental houses in the settlement of Usovo. Zhil.stroi.
no.9:5-10 '59.
(Usovo-Architecture, Domestic)

KHOKHLOVA, L., kand. arkhitektury

Standardizing the layout of various types of totally prefabricated residential buildings. Zhil. stroi. no.8:15-19 '65.

(MIRA 18:8)



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6"

SOV/68-58-2-12/20

AUTHORS: Gruzdeva, N.A., Khokhlova, L.A. and Shevchenko, V.G.

TITLE: Determination of Naphthalene in Coke-oven Gas

(Opredeleniye naftalina v koksovom gaze)

PERIODICAL: Koks i Khimiya, 1959, Nr 2, pp 43 - 48 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: Standard methods of determining naphthalene are criticised.

The authors carried out some experimental work in order to develop a more accurate method for the determination of naphthalene in scrubbed coke-oven gas. The picrate method was taken as a basis and the influence of the following factors on the accuracy of determination was studied: method of purifying gas from accompanying naphthalene compounds and experimental conditions such as filtration of naphthalene picrate, titration of picric acid obtained from the decomposition of naphthalene picrate and increased velocity of gas during absorption of naphthalene. The experimental results are given in Tables 1-3. The possibility of obtaining more accurate results by the picrate method with the following modifications was

picrate method with the following modifications was established: a) filtering off of the naphthalene picrate obtained should be done using a crucible with a porous bottom (Nr 3) which considerably reduces losses of the precipitate (in the standard method, double filter paper

Cardl/2

SOV/68-58-2-12/20 Determination of Naphthalene in Coke-oven Gas

is recommended); b) titration of the picric acid formed on the decomposition of naphthalene picrate should be done iodometrically; the neutralisation moment is determined on the basis of a sharp change from green to yellow colour; c) the absorption of naphthalene from gas can be done at velocities of about 100 litres/hour, which shortens the analysis from 10-12 hours to 3-4 hours; d) before the absorption gas should be purified from accompanying naphthalene compounds which are able to form complexes with aqueous solution of picric acid with 75% solution of sulphuric acid. There are 2 figures and 3 tables.

ASSOCIATION: VUKhIN

Card 2/2

(MIRA 13:8)

GRUZDEVA, N.A.: KHOKHLOVA, L.A.

New method of analysis of sodium phenolates. Koks i khim. no.8:

 Vostochnyy uglekhimicheskiy institut. (Sodium phenoxide)

48-52 160.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6"

SAKODYNSKIY, K.I.; KHOKHLOVA, L.A.

Effect of the medium on the rate of deuterium exchange between water and isoamylothiol. Zhur. VKhO 6 no.6:705-706 '61. (MIRA 1^{l_4} :12)

 Fiziko-khimicheskiy institut imeni L.Ya.Karpova. (Water) (Thiols) (Deuterium)

KULIKOVA, M.N.; STRONGIN, G.M.; PROKHOROVA, M.I.; KHOKHLOVA, L.F.

Determination of hexachlorocyclohexane isomers by the isotopedilution method using chlorine-36. Zhur. anal. khim. 21 no.1: 103-109 *66 (MIRA 19:1)

1. Chernorechenskiy khimicheskiy zavod imeni Kalinina, Dzerzhinsk.

KULIKOVA, M.N.; STRONGIN, G.M.; KHOKHLOVA, L.F.

Determination of a gamma-isomer of hexachlorocyclohexane in methanol solutions of hexachloran by the isotope dilution method. Trudy po khim. i khim. tekh. no.1:61-64 '63. (MIRA 17:12)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6"

SOFINSKIY, I.D.; BLOKHIW, P.N.; GEL'BERG, L.A.; ZHDANOV, P.M.; IVASHCHENKO, I.P.; LEVINA, G.P.; HAUMOVA, H.A.; SMIRNOV, N.S.; ARONOVA, R.I.; NIKOLAYEV, H.A.; SHERETSIS, A.A.; KOVALEVSKIY, I.I.; LOBACHEV, P.V.; SLADKOV, S.P.; DZIGAN, A.V.; FORAFOHOV, H.K. Primimali uchastiye: ARGANSKIY, A.S.; ASMUS, Ye.M.; BUZHALOVA, Ye.M.; BOGATYKH, Ya.D.; BURENIN, V.A.; GOL'DING, H.P.; DONSHLAK, I.P.; MOSKALEV, S.A.; RABINOVICH, S.G.; ROGOVSKIY, L.V.; KHOKHLOVA, L.P.; SHESTOPAL, N.M., HUBANENKO, B.R., glavnyy red.; GALKIN, Ye.G., zamest.glavnogo red.; SAPRYKIN, V.A., red.; SHCHEPETOV, V.M., red.; HOVITCHENKO, K.M., nauchmyy red.; VILKOV, G.N., inzh., rel.izd-va; TYAPKIE, B.G., red. izd-va; EL'KIEA, E.M., tekhn.red.

[Building your own home] Sprayechnik individual noge sastroishchika.

Moskva, Gos.izd-ve lit-ry po stroit.materialam, 1958. 442 p.

(MIRA 12:2)

1. Akademiya stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR. (Building)

KHOKHLOVA, L.V.

Census of the spawners and larvae of the whitefish Coregonus autumnalis migratorius in the Selenga River as related to the fluctuations of its abundance. Vop. ekol. 5:235 '62. (MIRA 16:6)

1. Sibirskoye otdeleniye Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta ozernogo i rechnogo rybnogo khosyaystva, Krasnoyarsk. (Selenga River--Whitefishes)

L 21759-65 EWE(1)/EPF(n)-2 AFWL/ASD(f)-3/ESD(dp)/ESD(gs)/LJP(o) ACCESSION NR: AP4042055 S/0055/64/000/004/0007/0015

AUTHOR: Khokhlova, L. V.

TITLE: On the stability of the zero solution of a system of linear equations subject to constantly acting perturbations

SOURCE: Moscow. Universitet. Vestnik. Seriya 1. Matematika, mekhanika, no. 4, 1964, 7-15

TOPIC TAGS: ordinary differential equation, linear differential equation, stability theory, perturbation, Cauchy Green matrix

ABSTRACT: On the stability of the zero solution of a system of linear equations subject to constantly acting perturbations. Let H (t,t₀) be the fundamental Cauchy-Green matrix for the linear system

 $\dot{x} = A(t)x$ (A) where the coefficients of the matrix $A(t) = \{a_{ij}(t)\}$ (i, j = 1, 2, ..., n) are continuous and bounded in $I = (0, +\infty)$ for $t > t_0 > 0$. Several necessary and sufficient conditions are given for the zero solution of (A) to be uniformly asymptotically

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stable (not defined here):

(1)
$$K = \{1, u, k\}$$
 $\int ||H(l, s)|| ds|^{-l} > 0.$

(2) l.u.b. $||H(t,\tau)|| = H$ exists, and for each $\xi \in (0,1)$, $t \ge \tau > 0$

There is an .>0 such that

$$\|H(t,\tau)\|\leq \frac{H}{\xi}\sigma^{-\alpha y-\tau}$$

for all t>>> 0 (these are called K. P. Persidskiy's conditions).

(3) Under the assumption that the system is in the form

(E) $\dot{y}=B(t)\,y$, where B(t) is a triangular matrix, i.e. $b_{ij}(t)\equiv 0$ for i< j (O. Perron has shown that a similarity transformation can always be used to change (A) into (B), and the instability properties and condition (1) are invariant under such a transformatord2/4

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tion), there exist constants C1 such that

or, equivalently, (4) there exists constants Git > 0 such that

$$G_{ii}(t, \tau) = \int_{0}^{t} H_{ii}(t, s) ds \leq G_{iii}$$

(Perron's conditions-which imply the existence of a Lyapunov function for (A)). A "constantly acting" perturbation is a function f(t,x), continuous in a cylinder $Ix\{||x|| < R\}$ and satisfying a condition of the form

$$||f(t,x)|| \le ||x|| + l_0$$

with non-negative constants 1, l_0 , independent of t. Given $\epsilon \in [0, R]$, and assuming K>0, if the initial condition $x(t_0)$ and the constantly acting perturbation

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ACCESSION NR: AP4042055

f(t, x) lie in the cone

KH ||x(tal| + Lo < ECK-L)

then each trajectory of the perturbed system

(C) $\dot{x} = A(t)x + f(t,x).$

starting at $x(t_0)$, for $t_0 > \theta$, lies entirely in the ball $||x(t)|| < \epsilon$ for all $t > t_0$. Moreover, under the assumptions

 $\beta = \frac{H}{\xi} I > \alpha \times I_0 = 0^{\circ},$

the solutions of (C) have exponential stability:

 $||x(t)|| \leq \frac{H}{E} ||x(t_0)|| e^{-(\alpha-\beta)(\alpha-\epsilon_0)}$

Several valuable examples are given. "The author expresses her gratitude to her scientific advisor V. V. Nemitskiy." Orig. art. has: 30 equations ASSOCIATION: Moskovskiy gosudarstvenny*y universitet im. M. V. Lomonosova

(Moscow State University)

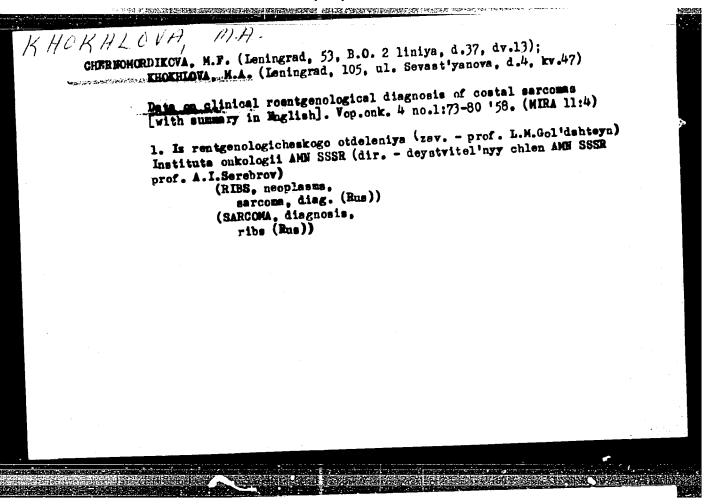
SUBMITTED: 26Apr63

SUB CODE: MA

ENCL: 00

NO REF SOV: 003

OTHER: 004



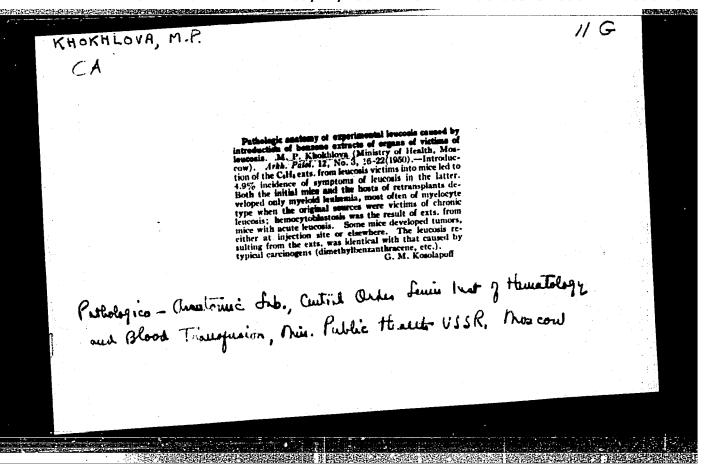
BALASHOV, B.V.; ISKANTSEVA, K.G.; KHOKHLOVA, M.G.

Nonsectional wooden boxes for industrial manufacture.

Standartizatsiia 27 no.3155-56 Mr '63.
(Boxes-Standards)

(Boxes-Standards)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6"



RAUSHENBAKH, M.O.; ZHAROVA, Ye.M.; KHOKHLOVA, M.P.

Hffect of overstraining of the central nervous system in mice on the development of experimental leukosis. Arkh. pat., Moskva 14 no.3:23-31 May-June 1952. (GIML 23:2)

1. Of the Pathophysiological Laboratory (Head -- Prof. N. A. Fedorov) and of the Pathologico-Anatomic Laboratory (Consultant -- Prof. N. A. Krayavskiy), Central Order of Lenin Institute of Hematology and Blood Transfusion (Director -- A. A. Bagdasarov, Corresponding Member AMS USSR).

Fathoanatomy of leukoses with pronounced tumorous growth. Probl.
gemat. i perel. krowi l no.4:9-16 Jl-Ag '56. (MIRA 10:1)

1. Iz TSentral'nogo ordena Lenina instituta gematologii i perelivaniya krowi (dir. - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. A.A.Bagdasarow)
Ministerstwa adrawockhraneniya SSSR. 2. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR (for Krayewskiy)

(LHUKEMIA, pathology,
pathomorphol. of various organs in tumoral types (Rus))

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/17/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000722210001-6"

KHOKHLOVA M.P.

U.S.S.R. / Human and Animal Physiology. Blood.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 5, 1958, 22078.

Author : Garfinkel, M.L., Khokhlova M. P. Losyeva,

G. I., Pokidova, H. V. : Experimental Studies of Biological Properties Inst

Title of Heterohemoglobins.

Orig Pub: V. sb. Sovrem. probl. gematol. i perelivaniya krovi. vip. 32, M. Medgiz, 1956, 304-309

(actual problems of hematology and circulation).

Abstract: The biological action of heterohemoglobins (G),

obtained by the method of N. V. Pokidova (same volume, 296) was studied. An 8-10% sol. of the of calves erythrocytes (E) was injected intravenously in 25 dogs. Larger single doses of Hb (E).75g/kg and higher produced severe distrophic and necrobiotic changes in the liver

Card 1/2

ZHAROVA, Ye.I.; KHUKHLOVA, M.P.; DVOLAYTSKAYA-BARYSHEVA, K.M. (Moskya)

leukemoid resction in mice [with summary in Binglish]. Pat.fiziol.
i eksp.terap. 1 no.3:51-56 My-Je '57. (MIRA 10:10)

1. Iz TSentral'nogo ordens Lenina Instituta gemetologii i perelivantya krovi (dir. - chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR prof. A.A. Bagdasarov)
(LSUKEMIA, exper.
differentistion from leukemoid reaction in paratyphoid fiver in mice)
(PARATYPHOID PEVERS, exper.
with loukemoid reaction, differentiation from leukemia in mice)

KRAYEVSKIY, N.A.; REMENOVA, N.M.; KHOKHLOVA, M.P.; LORIYE, Yu.I.; PROBATOVA,
N.A. (Moskva)

Gertain complications in X-ray and radiotherapy [with summary in
English]. Arkh.pet. 19 no.9:15-26 '57. (MIRA 10:12)

1. Iz TSentral'nogo ordena Lenina instituta gematologii i perelivaniya krovi (dir. - daystvital'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.A.

Bagdasarov)

(RADIOTHERAPY, complication
case reports (Rus))